SUPREME COURT-CHAMMERS-SEPT. 24.-Before Justice

In re the certiorari of Henry Borman .- Certiorari Pullip C. Freis egt. John Ferguson.-Motion for receiver granted RAILROAD QUARRELS.

The Second Avenue Lakeoni Co. agt. The Bleecker street and Falson Ferry Rairond Co. Sine agt. Same. The defendants in their charter have leave to extend

fendant's truck other suit the defendants allege their right to use the

Realized Company contained many frequenties which vital the the them. That the relamitiff right to a track in a public highway was not exclusive, that the rails were laid down for public use, and such use was under the control of the Legislature. Every one may drive a lawist coursepance over the rails. The rails, &c., arc, while on the highway, dedicated to the public for all whom the lawa may allow by travel over thom. The rarch of the defendants is use at on giving compensation to unquestion able. Franchises may be taken under the power of entirent domain for the public use. The plaintiffs had wilfully obstructed all efforts to agree on compensation, and the security was ample. The act of 1800 does not require compensation to be made before using the rails. The Legislature might have substrained the use without compensation.

FOURT OF COMMON PLEAS-CHAMBERS .- SEPT. 25.

Before Judge Cardozo.

THE CASE OF THE SWEDISH SAILORS.

In re, the Sailors of the Ship Indian.

The habeas corpus to produce the bodies of the sailors of the Swedish ship Indian was called up this morning by Mr., James on bound of the sailors. The Marshal did not produce the prisoners, but made return that he held them under the warrant of the United States Commissioner Newton, which was annexed to the return.

ershal. De Costa appeared at the request of the Swedish Co

must be produce.

Mr. Dat oats suggested that they should be sent for to Lud-iow-st., and meanwhils they should be considered as in court: giving, is the meanwhile an assurance that the saliors should not be removed from the county till the court rendered a de-sisten.

s paper.

Ir De Costa appearing as amious carse at the request of Swedish Curso, took several objections to the form of the cess corpus, and of the pestion on which it was granted. claimed that the case was res adjustent, having been eady passed on by Judge Betts, and that the Court had no isolicion, the airest and proceedings having been made der a frest;

Infisiction, the arrest and processings and a feety.

Mr. James replied at some length, claiming that here were men within the jurisdiction of the Court restrained of their liberty, and the Court was bound to see that they were not unlawfully restrained, no matter who might be the parties holding them, and cited various cases where parties had been released after the denial of the writ by another Judge.

The Court took the papers and reserved its decision.

The Court took the papers and reserved its decision.

Silwin James and Mr. Dunphy for petitioner; Mr. Da Costa
the Swedish Consul; Mr. Phelps for Marshal Murray.

CRIMINAL COURTS

COURT OF SPECIAL SESSIONS. [Before Jutices Kelly and Dowling.]

The always expected long calendar of Tuesday morning presented itself with the usual regularity yesterday. and the list was no less formidable than of old. Of all varieties of off-uses, there were 58 on the schedule which were diwided as follows, the proportion of each style of offense being about as on other days: Petit larceny, 32; assault and battery, 30; carrying conceased weapons, 1; disorderly house, 1; violating health law, 1; violating boat law, 1; suspended cases, 2; total, 18.

Inting health law, 1, violating boat law, 1; suspended cases, 2, total, 28.

A most curious fact is now eminently noticeable every Court morning in the very solicitious care that the politicians take of their rowds frience, just before election. The court-room is crowded every morning with men who are now Aldermen and Comelinen, men who wast to be continued in those fat bertles, men who hope to be speedily elected to those destrable places, and hambler aspirants to other political positions of lower and hambler grades. Every man who is a candidate for any office whatever at the soon-to-come election now finds it convenient to apend a few of his morning hours at some one of the Criminal Folice Courts, for the purpose of saying a good word for such of his friends as are certain to be hauled up on some charge or another. If the culprit be a "striker" of considerable muscular influence at the pole and he he hauled up for being "drunk and disorderly," or assault and be hauled up for being "drunk and disorderly," or assault and bettery, "or any similar charge, he will invariably find some office seeking friend ready and anxious to pay his fine for him, and thus keep such as invaluable oilizen out of jail. Of course, in payment for this temporary loan it is expected that the present will next Nevenber take an active hand in certain luite games on election day. little games on election day. TILITAPPING BY A PAIR OF BEAUX.—Two flashily-dressed

young men, attired in their latest acquisitions from the tailor. beaming in broadcioth, shining in satin, and suspiciously redeficit of Night-Bloowing Cerens, found that some of their night bloowing was altogether too serious a matter for their comfort. They gave their names as George Rankin and George Williams, and wore apparently about 19 years old each, and of the most argravated style of kitchen-girl captivating corner loafers. It was shown that while Williams kept watch and ward at the door, Rankin cotered the grocery store of Mr. Sameel F. Warner, No. 83 Perry st., which was in charge at the time only of a little girl, a mere child, and leaned over the counter and drew out the drawer in which the money is kept. In this receptacie there is generally from \$2 to \$10, the proprietor testified, and to obtain this princely fortune was unquestionably the intention of the sweet pair of beauties, Rankin and Williams. The little girl saw Rankin, and to quiet her, he asked where Mr. Palmer lived. Lookily, a policeman had winessed the whole affair, and now crossed ever and arrested both the young speculators, who were fined \$50 exch, beside being sent each to the Penitentiary for aix months. beaming in broadcloth, shining in satin, and suspiciously

GUILTY YET INNOCENT.-Erine Miller, a German, was charged the arrying a sword cane, which murderous weapon was produced in Ceart. The prisoner stated that he was guilty of the fact of carrying the weapon, but innocent of any evil intent; be, being a stranger in America, did not know the law against earrying concealed weapons. In consideration of his against earrying concealed weapons, the consideration of his against earrying concealed weapons. In consideration of his against earrying concealed weapons, the imprisonment to which he would otherwise have to submit was remitted and he got of with a fine of \$50.

MIDNIGHT POLITICS—LAGER AND LOYALTY.—Mr. Simon Seward, a name which can scarcely be expected to keep out of Seward, a name which can scarcely be expected to keep out of pollitics, brought up Mr. William McManus, jr., for besting him one night last week in a lager beer saloon in Third-ave., let wee Eighty-third and Eighty fourth-sts. From the testimony it appears that a party of gantlemen were in the beer saloon and were taixing politics, when Mr. McManus, hearing something said whitch did not suit his fastidious, wiskyfiel taste, he being three-quarters drunk at the time, took his fist to his hade and smote severely Mr. Seward, who immediately assumed a horizontal position in deference to the blow. Resuming his perpendicular as soon as possible, he rushed out for sun officer, with whom he returned, and to whom he turned over the too suthosiastic Mac.

Mr. Seward, being placed on the stand, was subjected to a sharp cross-fire of counsel, and he answered somewhat as follows:

sharp cross-fire of counset, and he answered somewhat as lowcounsel—Did yoo, by way of exasperating Mr. McManus,
knowing him to be a Johnson man, say that President Johnton is a treitor. Answer—I didn't, I didn't, I didn't—I swear
I didn't, I didn't.
Q. Did you not say that the President ought to have been
shot toutead of President Lincoln A. I didn't, didn't, I
Q. Did you not say that you thought President Johnson
ought to be lang. A. I didn't, I didn't, I swear I
did u't, I didn't.
Q. Did you not call the defendant here a traiter? A. I

dent Johnson are a lot of Copperbeads—that they are drunkards, and that they are trying to break up the country and to
de all the harm they can? A. I didn't. I didn't. I didn't. I
swear I didn't. I didn't.
Q. Did you not say or do something to annoy or excite Mr.
McManus, so as to make him assault you? A. I didn't, I
didn't. I swear, I swear I didn't. I didn't. I
didn't. I swear, I swear I didn't. I didn't.
Other witnesses were brought in to show that McManus
was full of lager, that Sawaru in speaking of Prosident Joseson need some pretty foreible lonnance, no more however than
is used by five out of six of all men who speak of him at all,
whereupon McManus, whickfied blood took fire and be
rushed at Saward and knocked him down, previously calling
him a. "Black Republican sucker," and other assons which
Saward did not notice on account of the very apparent intoxiestion of McManus.

Judge Dowling said in passing sentence: "I do not think
Mr. Seward had any right to speak in that way of the Chief
Magistrate of the Country. In these exciting times, all such
remarks expecially when made in such places, tend to create a
breach of the peace."

The delendant was fixed \$50 and sent to the City Prison 10
days.

POLYLOR ONER MORE.—Thomas Soudder, a gentleman of

color, most chaborately gotten up in imitation of a clergyman, and who seemed withal of superior intelligence, made his ap-

color, most claborately gotten up in imitation of a ciergyman, and who seemed withal of superior intelligence, made his appearance on the stand, complaining of Mr. John Wagner, who, he asserted, had assunited and beaten him for some trifling difference in their political convictions. Being desired to tell his story, Mr. Soudder proceeded thus:

"We was in his room, and we got into discourse about the war, and wo discussed about the war for some time, till by and-by our discourse about the war began to get a little more warm, and I discoursed that I thought the war had been to save the country, but he discoursed that he thought it had been to free the nigger, the I discoursed that I thought the war was for white folks as much as for the colored man; but he discoursed that it hought the colored man; but he discoursed that it was all for free the nigger, He discoursed niways about the "nigger," but I discoursed shout colored man. By-and-by he discoursed ninger nigger, alger, nigger all the time, and I dim h' like to be discoursed at as a nigger, so by-and-by I discoursed that I had seen some niggers as good as he was, and I discoursed that I had seen some niggers as good as he was, then he kept on his discoursed that I hought a nigger was the nigger—and then I discoursed that I hought a nigger was a good as some white nen, and then he 'jimped right up, and he hit ma right side of the head, and lowened all my teeth. I always thought I had a right to discourse my opinion, but I dish as the proper of the courted me to bring him up here, and so brought him up here and that's all, your Honor, and I won't discourse you any longer."

The sister-in liw of the defeadant was placed on the stand, the

The sister-in-two i the detendant was piaced on the stand, and she corroborated the facts of the case as stated by the complainant, that the two were "discouraing" about the war when a quarrel arose, and her brother in law struck Sendder, but, she insisted, the blow was "only a siap."

The defendant is a dealer in lobsters, crabs, and other shell-fish, which, perhaps, have a tendency to make him so crustyneeous. He was fined \$25.

A RASCALLY THIEF.—However reprehensible theft may be

at all times, it may be complicated with certain aggravations which make it much more detectable at some times than at

which make it much more detestable at some times than at others. One of the most viliainous sort was the theft committed by David Brown, a German, who stole a watch and chain from his friend George Seigel. David not only stole the watch but he then accused an innocent grid of the theft, and actually caused her to be arrested by Seigel. The girl, however, vehemently denying her guilt, it occurred to Captain Jourdan, who shad noticed the extreme officiousness of Brown, to search him. This was done, and, to the other astonishment of Seigel, and the complete discomfiner of Brown, the watch and chain were found on his person. In consideration of his double crime, he get the fullest penalty of the law, six months in the Pennentiary and \$50 fine.

A VINDICTIVE SON.—A most lameatable state of family affairs was revealed by the case No. 39 on the Calendar, which was a charge of assault and battery preferred by an old man, Mr. Jercomah Coiden, sr., against his son Jercmiah Coiden, jr., a young and stalwart fellow of 30 years, who had served four years in the war. It appears that both the parties are carpenters by trade, and have been accustomed to working to gether. For a week or two past the son has been engaged by the father on a job with him. Last Saturiay there was a dispute between them on the subject of wages, claimed by the son and refused, or withhold by the father. The younger man becoming exasperated fell upon his father and beat him serverly, for which this charge was brought. The sond may are his son has often beaten him betwee, and the son asserted that his father had repeatedly cheated him out of his wages. "Indeed, your Honer," said the son, "that's all he so rought the suit here for is to cheat me out of all my wages. Last Saturday, when I asked him for my money, he's an old cheat, and he wants to cheat me out of all my wages. Last Saturday, when I asked him for my money. From the vivilest bearing of the father, there could be no doubt that both parties are exceedingly passionate, and are men of such a fi

Was Prefectly Satisfied.—Mary J. Fry was sent up for four months for stealing and pawning certain goods belonging to Mrs. Mary A. McCorkie. As Mary went out of Court, she turned and said: "Tas perfectly satisfied. When you get home Mrs. McCorkie, you'll have a good time looking after your beds and the coat of your husband that I pawned.

Dishonest Servant Girls.—The orimes among servant girls have been much on the increase for the past few months. When an employer goes to an intelligence office he should be very certain that it is a perfectly respectable and woll-known establishment. Many of the poorer sort of intelligence effices make no seruple whaters of giving to any girl no matter what may be her antecedents, a good character, provided always she pays them the fee they demand. The girls being perfetly well aware of this, have the more temptation to be dishouses, for they know that the offices can get them employment again at once. These remarks will not of course apply perfelly well aware of this, have the more temptation to be dishoused, for they know that the offices can get them employment again at once. These remarks will not of course apply to the old-catabilished offices, nor to many of the newer ones, but it is certain that from some of these places a servant has so difficulty whatever in obtaining a "recommend" which will suffice to satisfy her new mistress. Many of these girls only stay a few days, long enough to discover the places where all the plate, jewells, and other portable valuables are kept, with which they make off at the carliest favorable opportunity.

There are many girls, both those who come from Intelligence Offices and others, who content themselves with more petty pitterings, and steal and run away with the first article of

pitterings, and steal and run away with the new article value they can lay hands on. Of such character were the following named cases: Catherine Kiernan, who stole two muslin skirts from Ans Welsh; Margaret Ann Donelly, who was charged with taking divers small articles, but was discharged; Anna De Bone, who stole two white skirts and three sprens from Mrs. Caroine Scienwitz, who had employed her; Catherine Roach, who was accused with taking certain properly from Bridget Cusach, but was discharged, the complainant not appearing; Mary Smith, who stole a pair of shoes from John Nichelson; Anna Driscoli, who stole a pair of shoes from John Nichelson; Anna Driscoli, who stole as like dress worth 8:4 from Jane Johnson—Anna had only washed one day, on the second she took the dress, hid it shout her, and run off; Catherine Smith, who stole a shawl from Mary Myers, but was detected and brought up. All these thieving servant girls got from one to six months in the Penitentiary as a corrective of their fashionable disease of kieptomania.

DRIVING OVER A WOMAN—Jacob Lutz a baker, drove his wagon over Rose Ann Meegan, at 7½ o'cleck in the morning, harged with taking divers small articles, but was discharged

wagon over Rose Ann Meogan, at 74 o'clock in the morning. corner of Courtlandt at. and Broadway, bruising her severely. He never stopped to see what damage he had done, and for his unfeelingness rather than for his carelessness, he was fined \$25.

BROTHERLY LOVE.-James O'Donnell was put under \$300 bonds to keep the peace for one year, as against his brother James, whom he has beaten. WOULDN'T INTERCEDE FOR HER HUSBAND,-Ellen Ryan's

husband. Hugh, had beat her, and she wanted him sent up, but after tasking the matter over the Judgo dismissed him with the admonition to "go, get some furniture, go to house-keeping again and take care of your wife." THE USUAL FATE -Officer Wm. J. Tone interfered to pre-

vent John Hanlon beating his wife, whereupon Hanlon and the wife turned on the officer and beat him, for which John got two months. SHAKESPEARE PROPANED. - Henry Kitchen stole a volume of

Shakespeare's works from Wm. H. Fry, of the firm of Johnson, Fry & Co., No. 87 Beckman st. Pleaded guilty, and was duly sent up.

THE TOMBS POLICE COURT.

[Before Acting Magistrate Alderman Coman.]
ROBBED IN A LAGER-BEER SALOON.—John Silverstein, visiting at No. 27; Catharine st., yesterday afternoon entered the lager-beer soloon at the corner of West and Harrison-sts, and drank two or three times. While there he became engaged in conversation with two of the inmates named Noah Fonda and Peter Lasher. Soon afterward Silverstein charges that Fonda seized him by the arms and held him, while Lasher took from his cent pucket a watch and chain: this he passed to a third man, and all of the thieves then fied into the street, pursued by the victim, who gave the airm. Fonda and Lasher were arrested by an officer of the Fifth Precinct, but the third man made his escape with the plunder. The prisoners were taken before Acting Magistrate Alderman Coman, who committed them for trial in default of \$1,000 but each. Fonda is gard By years, a native of this city, and resides on the corner of Harrison and West-sts. Lasher is about the same age and resides in the same house with his fellow prisoner. stein, visiting at No. 271 Catharine st., yesterday afternoon

THREATENED TO CUT AN ACQUAINTANCE.—Henry Johnson yesterday quarreled with a colored woman named Isabella Chase, living at No. 139 Leonard at . and finally threatened to out her with a knife which he had drawn from his pocket and
was brandishing in a threatening manner. Isabells, fearing
that her life was in danger, caused the arrest of the desperate
Henry, and he was committed for trial by Acting Magistrate
Alderman Comm.

Alderman Coman.

With the exception of the usual drunk-and-disorderly cases, and one of considerable magnitude printed in another column, the above are the only cases of interest that came before the Court.

THIRD DISTRICT (JEFFERSON MARKET) POLICE COURT,

[Before Justice Ledwith.] In this Court yesterday, the cases were of an un

usually petty character, as regards the results of the crimes THEFTS. - Albert A. Bogart of No. 129 Charles st., com plained that he had lost a saddle and harness of the value of Sissand that John Wallace had purloised them from him. In default of bail, Wallace was held to answer at the Special Sessions. Aumie Kemp of No. 317 West Fourthest, charged John A. Camp, with having stolen from her one piece of bacon, of the value of \$1.40. He was held to

More Thieving. - Albert Worthmeir of No. 120 Greenwich st made complaint against Caroline Reed and Elizabeth
Lester, charging them with having stoles from him \$150 in
fractional correcey. The parties waived examination, and
were committed to the Special Sessions.

BURNALO OVSTER SHELLA—Officer Myles C. Murphy of the

Sanitary Squad brought in Robert Donnell, whom he had caught burning oyster-shells in the city contrary to Health Gods. Donnell was held to answer at the General Sessions. AMENDE.-Under head of Yorkville Police Court, in yesterday's TRIBUNE, allosion was made to Mr. Charles A. Lane, as "A Bogus Reporter," and some reflections used upon

Lane, as "A Bogus Reporter," and some reflections used upon him, as being connected with a disrepotable sheet. The state means were under por the authority of the officers concerned in the cases under advisement, and published as being "are cording to the statement of the officer." We now have reason to believe the charge unde against Mr. Lane to be entirely unfeanded and regret extremely that they should have found their war into the columns of the Thunkay Mr. Lace has the confidence of the Union men of his Wars and District and we are prompt to make this amende for unjust accusation.

MILITARY.

EXCURSION OF COMPANY B TO BRIDGEPORT From Our Own Correspondent. BRIDGEPORT, Sopt. 24, 1896.

Company B of the 22d Regiment of New-York, Capt. W. W. Remney, arrived by the steamer City of Bridge port at this place, on a three days' visit, on Friday afternoon Company B of the 22d Regiment of New-York, Capt. W. W. Remmey, arrived by the steamer City of Bridge port at this place, on a three days' visit, on Friday afternoon last. The "Basy Bees"—their favorite title—so termed because of their industry in gathering together a military company which can compete with say like organization in members and discipline—were welcomed with a sainte by Battery B of the Connectiont National Guard, noder Cook. Knugman on the appearance of the steamer in the barbor, and on their landing were warmly received by the Sedgwick Guards, Capt. Lacy, beaded by Wheeler & Wilson's Instrumental Band and a delegation of private citizens, among whom were Gens Burnham and Noble, Major Mailory, Mr. Chas, E. Shelion, Mr. Zallie Goodsell and Eins Howe, ir. After excorting the excursionists torough the principal streets they were taken to the Sterling House, which they made their headquarters while here. In the evening a promenade concert and hog were given by the Company in aid of thee Bridgeport Soldiers' Monument Fund, and this formed the grandest feature of the whole visit. It was originated and carried out under the anspices of several young gentlemen who are residents here, and who gave their time and pocuniary assistance toward making it a brilliant moesse and pleasant affair. The interior of Franklin Hall, where it was held, was finely featoned and decorated with flags and flowers; and what, with the rioli but still tasteful tollettes worn by two hundred or more cnarming ladies, the gallarity of the gentlemen in him uniform, lively airs by Dolworth's band, and a supper at Hendrick's alloon, it was an ervening merrity passed. A pretty mement of the entertainment was the order of dancing, printed in gold letters on neat circular cards, tied with satin ribbon, and who gave bedies the names of the floor managers.

Lieut, Theodore B. Ascouth. Sergt. Thomas H. Cullen, Corp. A. T. Deveau, Privates Edgar S. Allien and W. P. Bortt, Capt. Remny, Liest. John T. Gamp, S-ret. J. W. Wildey and Corp. George

steff, and field officers and adjutants of the regiments under their command.

IV. Cot J Maidhof, lith Infantry N. G., will assume com-mand of the Fourth Brigade. By order of Brig.-den, LLOYD ASPINWALL. Commanding First Division. ALEXARDER HAWLITON, Cot, and Division Inspector. Official: W. B. BEND, Major and A. D. C. REVIEW AND DRILL OF THE THIRD REGIMENT, N. G.

REVIEW AND DRILL OF THE THIRD REGIMENT, N. G. S. N. Y.

Yesterday altermoon the 3d Regiment (Bendix Zouaves) had a battalion drill in Tompkins-squares. The regiment is composed of the velerain of the 7th Regiment N. Y., who served under Cel. Bendix during the war. Having had lately organized, they have had very little opportunity for drill, but judging from their maneuvers yesterday, they still retain their former discipline. Brevet Gen. Headix was in command, the being the Coonel of the regiment. After executing various movements the regiment was reviewed by Bring-Gen. Barger, commanding the Third Brigade N. Y. S. M. At the completion of the drill they returned to their armory in Thirteenth-st., where they were dismissed.

DARING ROBBERY IN WALL-ST.

THE HANDS OF A BANK MESSENGER-THE THIEF

Soon after I o'clock vesterday Mr. Moses Cummings, employed as a messenger in the National Broadway Bank, left the Union Bank in Wall-st, and proceeded up the Bank, left the Union Bank in Wall-st, and proceeded up the street on his way to the bank in which be is employed located at the corner of Brosdway and Park place. While in Wall-st, between William and Nassan-st., a man came suddenly behind him and, after a severe struggle, wrested from his hand a wailet containing United States gold certificates, bank checks, drafts and trensury notes, amounting in the aggregate to \$24,500, the property of the bank, which he had collected but a short time previous.

No sooner had the thief possessed himself of the wallet than he turned and field down the street, pursued by Mr. Cummings, who shouted "Stop thief." At that hour in the day the street in that lecality is througed with people, and before the talef had run 20 yards he was interrupted by Mr. James Nelson, a carman, who, despite his struggles, held him until Mr. Cumnings came up.

In the mean time the prisoner had dropped the wallet upon the sidewalk. It was recovered with all the contents intact,

mings came up.

In the mean time the prisoner had dropped the wallet upon the sidewalk. It was recovered with all the contents lunact, and restored to Mr. Cummings.

The latter is an active, muscular man, but about two weeks since he received a severe fall and aprenned his ankle, which confined him to the bouse for some days, and from the effect of which he has not entirely recovered. Had it not been for this disability he could have easily overraken the thief and overcome him, the latter being about the medium hight and having none of the characteristics of an athlete.

Officer Gilfeather of the First Precinct soon came up, and the thief was transferred to his custody. He was taken to the Station-House and searched, but nothing of a suspicious nature was found upon him. He gave the name of Joseph H. Clinton, said he lived in Desbrosees st., and was a native of Ireland, aged 28 years.

The prisoner was then taken to the Tombs and arraigned before Acting Magistrate Alderman Coman. In response to the usual questions, the prisoner had the coolness to plend not guilty. He was committed without ball to await his trial at the Court of General Sessions.

It is not believed that the prisoner is one of the gang who for some months past have been guilty of such bold robberies on our public streets in broad daylight and in business hours. Their plans were always well laid, and in most lostances successful, while not one of them has yet been caught in the act. Two or three persons have been arrested on suspicion, but the proof against them has invariably been so faist, the victim, owing to the suddenness of the attack, being unable to identify them as among his assailants, that they have invariably been discharged on examination.

Probably the ture fielded to a sudden impuise, and seized

them as among his essailants, that they have invariably been discharged on examination.

Probably the thref yielded to a sudden impuise, and seized the pocket book, witheut any definite idea of how he was to make his secape with the plunder. This idea is corroborated by the fact that subsequent to the prisoner's committal to the Tombs, he was sent for by inspector Carpenter, and conveyed to Police Headquarters, where, on being confronted with the detectives, none of them could recognize him as a thief. His photograph was taken, and he was then reconducted to the Tombs. To-day he will be again taken to Police Headquarters, and exhibited to the entire detective and etailed force as a man to be watched in future, should he be so fortunate as to escape a term of years in Sing Sing Prison for the above offense.

THE FULTON-ST. PRAYER MEETINGS - A CARD.

To the Editor of The N. Y. Tribone.

SIB: In your article this morning on the Fulton-st.

Meeting are some errors which need correction. It is said
that the present Noon Prayer Meeting was the "reopening"
of a similar meeting which had commenced the previous year,
and that the meetings were thus "begun anew under the combined anspices, as it were, of the Young Mem's Association
and the church."

I after on the contrary, that the series of Noon Meetings

bined auspices, as it were, of the Young Mem's Association and the church."

I affirm, on the contrary, that the series of Noon Meetings begun Sept. 23, 1857, had nothing whatever to do with the thinly attended and soon suspended meetings of the year previous. It was a new and independent enterprise throughout. Nor were there any "combined auspices" in the case. The meeting, from the very beginning, was under the care of the Missionary Committee of the North Dutch Church and the Young Men's Association had as much to do with its management as any other persons who attended on invitation, and no more. I do not deuty that these parties often tried to control the direction of the meeting; but as often as they tried they failed. TALBOT W. CHAMBERS.

One of the Ministers of the Ref. Prot. Dutch (Collegiate) Ch. New York, Sept. 23, 1866.

RUN OVER CASUALTIES .- On Monday a team of horses attached to a wagon, while being driven up Sixth-avc. didn't, I swear I didn't. I didn't.

Q. Did you not say that you shought President Johnson ongst to be hang. A. I didn't. I didn't. I swear I didn't. I swear I didn't. I didn't. I swear I didn't. COMMERCIAL MATTERS.

| SALES AT THE STOCK EXCHANGE. | U.S. 6s, 5-29 cp, 62. Bank of America. | 17,099 | 1114 | 10 | 139 | U.S. 6s, 5-29 c, 65 | 5 | 533 | 100 | 510 | 332 | 100 | 510 | 332 | 100 | 510 | 332 | 100 | 510 | 332 | 100 | 510 | 332 | 100 | 510 | 332 | 100 | 510 | 332 | 100 | 510 | 332 | 100 | 510 | 332 | 100 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 |

600 c. 32₁ 300 ... 53. 57 1,200 ... 11c₂ 200 ... b10. 32₁ N.Y. Central. 200 ... 185.11c₁ 100 ... \$3.107₁ 200 ... b10.11c₂

| 200 | 1074 | Mich.South.& N.| Spruce Hill. | P., Ft.W.&C. | 300 | 842 | 200 | 53 | 44 | 100 | 81.1064 | 100 | 515, 85 | Mariposa. | Chicago & G. E. | Cleve. & Pitts. | 100 | 874 | 100 | 142 | 100 | 142 | 100 | 143 | 100 | 144 | 100 | 144 | 100 | 144 | 100 | 144 | 100 | 144 | 100 | 144 | 100 | 144 | 100 | 144 | 100 | 144 | 100 | 144 | 100 | 144 | 100 | 144 | 100 | 144 | 100 | 144 | 100 | 144 | 100 | 144 | 100 | 144 | 100 | 144 | 100 | 144 | 100 | 144 | 100 | 144 | 100 | 144 | 100 | 144 | 100 | 144 | 100 | 144 | 100 | 144 | 100 | 144 | 100 | 144 | 100 | 144 | 100 | 144 | 100 | 144 | 100 | 144 | 100 | 144 | 100 | 144 | 100 | 144 | 100 | 144 | 100 | 144 | 100 | 144 | 100 | 144 | 100 | 144 | 100 | 144 | 100 | 144 | 100 | 144 | 100 | 144 | 100 | 144 | 100 | 144 | 100 | 144 | 100 | 144 | 100 | 144 | 100 | 144 | 100 | 144 | 100 | 144 | 100 | 144 | 100 | 144 | 100 | 144 | 100 | 144 | 100 | 144 | 100 | 144 | 100 | 144 | 100 | 144 | 100 | 144 | 100 | 144 | 100 | 144 | 100 | 144 | 100 | 144 | 100 | 144 | 100 | 144 | 100 | 144 | 100 | 144 | 100 | 144 | 100 | 144 | 100 | 144 | 100 | 144 | 100 | 144 | 100 | 144 | 100 | 144 | 100 | 144 | 100 | 144 | 100 | 144 | 100 | 144 | 100 | 144 | 100 | 144 | 100 | 144 | 100 | 144 | 100 | 144 | 100 | 144 | 100 | 144 | 100 | 144 | 100 | 144 | 100 | 144 | 100 | 144 | 100 | 144 | 100 | 144 | 100 | 144 | 100 | 144 | 100 | 144 | 100 | 144 | 100 | 144 | 100 | 144 | 100 | 144 | 100 | 144 | 100 | 144 | 100 | 144 | 100 | 144 | 100 | 144 | 100 | 144 | 100 | 144 | 100 | 144 | 100 | 144 | 100 | 144 | 100 | 144 | 100 | 144 | 100 | 144 | 100 | 144 | 100 | 144 | 100 | 144 | 100 | 144 | 100 | 144 | 100 | 144 | 100 | 144 | 100 | 144 | 100 | 144 | 100 | 144 | 100 | 144 | 100 | 144 | 100 | 144 | 100 | 144 | 100 | 144 | 100 | 144 | 100 | 144 | 100 | 144 | 100 | 144 | 100 | 144 | 100 | 144 | 100 | 144 | 100 | 144 | 100 | 144 | 100 | 144 | 100 | 144 | 100 | 144 | 100 | 144 | 100 | 144 | 100 | 144 | 100 | 144 | 100 | 144 | 100 | 144 | 100 | 144 | 100 | 144 | 100 | 144 | 100 | 144 | 144 | 144 | 144 | 144 | 144 PETROLEUM AND MINING STOCKA.

Western Union Telegraph, 561 256; New-York Central, 107 | #1074; Erie, 754 #754; Hudson River, 121 #122; Reading, 116 | #21164; Michigan Southern, 844 #35; Illinois Central, 1211 a 1224; Cleveland and Pittsburgh, 871 #874; Cleveland and Toledo, [22] # #1234; Rock Island, 1114 #112; North-Western, 36#36; North-Western Preferred, 681 2681; Fort Wayne, 1011 21014.

Money on call is abundant at low rates. The ordinary price is 425 per cent, but there is a good deal done at 3 per cent. The amount of commercial paper offering is small. Best short bills pass at 5 per cent, good at 54 26. and long dated bills at 7 @8 per cent when of fair credit. One half of the Clearing-House certificates (\$22,500,000)

cease to bear interest to-day, and on the 25th of October the whole of this class of indebtedness will pass from the accounts of the Treasury Department. In some quarters it is argued that the payments of these certificates will make money more abundant, but this can hardly be so. The \$15,000,000 has for some time been available to the banks. To pay the Clearing-House certificates in the Atlantic cities, the Treasury has been obliged to call in its deposits held among National banks, a process which does not make money easier. After the payment the money will not be loanable capital to the Banks. They will be obliged to lock it up again as security for a new issue of certificates to be used at the Clearing-House. By the operation of payment the Banks lose the interest on \$45,000,000 at 4 per cent, and the community loses the use of \$45,000,000 of currency withdrawn from circulation and locked up as the basis of Clearing-House movements. It is a contraction of currency and not an addition. Speculators for an advance looked for higher prices under the payment of the short loan by the Treasury, but it had no such effect. At the close of August, above \$60,000,-000 of short debt was paid off, but it has not put prices up enough to earn interest and commissions on the Stock Exchange, as the following table will show:

5-20s of 1865..... 1081 7:30s Rock Island has a 5 per cent dividend close at hand,

which accounts for its firmness in part, but the list as a whole does not prove that the Treasury payments are encouraging to speculation, but the reverse. There can be no doubt as to the effect of liquidation by the Treasury. It means lower prices, and the sooner people copy Mr. McCulloch and get out of debt the better it will be for them. His next movement should be to cancel \$10,000,000 of legal-tenders, and to lock up as many more of them as

the current rates: London, prime bankers', 60 days, 108@ 1084; London, prime bankers', sight, 108; 20108; Paris, bankers', long 5.221@35.211; Paris, bankers', short, 5.20 35.181; Antwerp, 5.25 35.231; Swiss, 5.25 35.231; Hamburg, bankers', 354; Amsterdam, bankers', 41; Frankfort, bankers', 41; Bremen, bankers', 78; Berlin, bankers', 714.

In Freights the business of the week has been quite

limited; the rates have deckined, and have fluctuated. Very little has been done in charters. Medium-sized vessels are scarce, and the rates asked for such are too high for the European trade; hence the very limited business. The Interest Coupons of the First Mortgage Bonds of he Chicago and Great Eastern Railway Company, due October 1, will be paid on and after that date (less Government tax), on presentation at the office of the Company in this city.

The following is a statement of coal transported on the Delaware and Hudson Canal:

994,978 350 The Cincinnati Commercial of Saturday p. m. says:

Exchange was a little firmer, so that the outside figure in our table was more frequently obtained. The money market was fairly active, with however, greater case as to the supply of currency. Rates of interest unnergo no change.

Parties having valuable securities or papers will be interested in examining the fire and burglar-proof safe-room under the New-York Stock Exchange in Broad-st.

In this room the security to be had from so.id structures of stone, iron and steel, and a vigilant night and day police, are combined. Exports, exclusive of specie, from the port of New-York

o foreign ports for the week ending Sept. 25, 1866, The Michigan Southern Road earned, the third week in

week's traffic, and not an increase, as printed yesterday. The following is a list of jobbers' prices at the New York Day Goods Exchange, Nos. 49 and 51 Park Place: Brown Sheetings-Stark A. 21jo.; Stark M. 20c.; Bedford, 5jc. illeached Shirtings-Bartletts, 30c.; Manville C, 26c.;

Theaton C. 23c. Prints-Garner & Co., 20jc.; Amoskesg, 18c.; Freeman, 16ic.; Empire, Pic. Houp Skirts-Bradlev's Duplex Elliptic and Empress Trail, prices unchanced; Meyers's IXL 1; inch tapes. 48278c. Shirts-J. W. L., Standard Bress, No. 150, \$25; do. do. do.

o. 525, \$40.

Paper Collars...Metropolitan Collar Co., Byron Garrotte, No. No. 20 Enameled, and Silver Corrugated, \$10 to \$33; Gold-nith Patent, Byron, \$30; Shakespeare, \$40; Cuffe, \$50. Less 0 per cent. Ticks-Pearl River, 57jc.; Franklin, 32jc.; Pittsfield, 14jc. Stripes-York, 34c.; Arasapha, 20c.

SPRINGFIELD (ILL.) CITY WATER LOAN.

8 PER CENT TWENTY YEAR BONDS.

Interest payable semi-annually in New-York on the 1st day

of January and 1st day of July.

AMOUNT OF LOAN, \$300,000.

A limited amount of these bonds may be had at 98 per cent by applying to

ROBINSON & OGDEN,

Bankers. No. 4 Broad-st.. New York.

MARKETS .- Carefully Reported for The Tribune.

MARKETS.—Carefully Reported for The Tribune.

TERROAT, Sept. 25, 1866.

ASHES—The market is firm and moderately active; sales at 49 50 for Pots, and \$12 30 for Pearls.

COTTON—The demand to-day has been quite moderate, and is chiefly from spinners; prices remain about the same, but are rather weak; sales of 1,700 bales at 37c, for Middling Up, lands to 39c, for do. New-Orleans.

COFFEE—A very good business has been done in Rio, and prices remain steady; sales of 1,016 bags, ex steamer North America, baince of carge, and 3,234 bags, ex Time is Money, on private terms; other kinds are quiet. The stock of Rio as made up by Messra. Wm. Scott & Sons is 5,800 bags in Baltimore, and 42,600 bags here; total, 45,400 bags.

FLOUE AND MEAL—The market for Western and State Flour in the fore part of the day was fairly active, and the low grades advanced 10% lice. per bbl., but buyers held off and the market closed heavy and dull; Trade and Family brands are without change; the sales are 21,600 bbls at \$7,75% \$10 15 for Superfine State and Western; \$9,802\$11 for ordinary and common Extra State; \$1502\$23 30 for Fancy State; \$2,702\$10 80 for the low grades of Spring Whest Western \$4,002\$11, 75 for Superino States and Spring Whest Western \$4,002\$11, 75 for Superino States and Spring Whest Western \$4,002\$11, 75 for Superino States and Spring Whest Western \$4,002\$11, 75 for Superino Shates and Spring Whest Western \$4,000\$10, 810 \$250\$15, 250 \$100\$10, 810 \$250\$15, 250 \$100\$10, 810 \$250\$15, 250 \$100\$10, 810 \$250\$15, 250 \$100\$10, 811 \$250\$15, 250 \$

Spring Wheat \$1.48. Freight on Wheat to Buffalo, 15c.; to Oswego, 24c. Receipts of Wheat to-day, 22,000 bush. Shipmonts of Wheat to day, 72,000 bush. HEMP—Manifa is steady but dull at 10\\$10\\$10\\$1c. gold. Other kinds are inactive and nominal.

HOPS are firm and in good demand for home consumption; we quote at from \$2.50\\$275c, as to growth and quality.

HAY—The supply is light, but with only a limited inquiry prices are at trife easier; asless it \$5\\$270c. for Shipping, and \$1.25\\$1.5 for retail lots.

LIME—Reckland is firm and in good request at \$1.70 for Common and \$2.10 for Lump.

LATHS—Eastern are firm and in fair demand at \$4, three months.

LATHS—Eastern are firm and in fair demand at \$4, three months.

MOLASSES—A very fair demand prevails, and trices are steady; sales of 310 bhds. Barbadoes at 58c.; by auction, 341 bhds. Demarars at 48 571c, average 55c.; d. months.

METALS are generally quiet but prices are without material change; we quote Copper (ingot) at 394-311c, for American; New Sheathing, 45c., and Yellow Metal at 32c.; Pig Leau at 36 572 37 35 for German Refined, English and Spanish, gold: Bar at 104c., and Sheet and Pipe. He. 1roc. 469-50 for No. 1 American and Scotch, and Pig Tin at 222-244. for Rance, Straits and English, gold.

NAVAL STORES—Spirits Turpentine has arrived more freely, but with a good demand prices have advanced, and close firm at 65-267c., wholesale. Rowins are in reduced sapply, and prices tend upward; the busiless, however, has been only moderate. Tar remains quiet.

OILS—City Linseed has been in fair demand, and has ruled quite firm at 81-82-851 84; English remains dull and sominal, Fish Oils have ruled dull; Crude Whole is without change, but Crude Sperm is lower. Lard Oil dull and nominal.

OIL CAKE—A moderate inquiry for Cake for city use and for export; the decline in gold and extreme prices asked check business; sales of 250 tuns at 851-85 for Thin Western.

PROVISIONS—There has been less activity in the market.

RECEIPTS OF PRODUCE.

SEPT. 25.—14,046 bbis. Flour. 150 bbis. Whisky. 2,700 Wheat, 101,154 bush. Corn. 605 bush. Oats, 7,705 bash. Bt 50 pkgs. Beef, 12 pkgs. Cut Mests. 4,343 bbls. Fetroleum.

Financial.

STATE OF NEW-HAMPSHIRE LOAN OF \$1,800,000.

Proposals will be received at the office of the UNION TRUST COMPANY, No. 73 Breastway, course of Rector-st., uctil the 29th day of September current, for a loan of \$1,800,000 to the State of New Hampshite, psysia, and the state of New Hampshite, psysia, psysia,

The bonds with bear date October 1, 1866, when inferest will comence, but payment for the bonds may be made at any time in October. November or December, adding accrual interest.

These bonds are issued under the authority of a recent act of the Legislature of the State, for the purpose of a more speedy extinguishment of the State debt; will take the piace of the long-resultorized bonds uniassed, which have been destroyed by order of the Legislature; will constitute a large portion of the indebtodness of the State, and be paid at maturity by an annual State tax.

For perfect security and remomerative interest this losn is believed to be the most desirable investment now before the public.

CITY OF KEOKUK NEW 8 PER CENT BONDS

PAYABLE AT THE CENTRAL NATIONAL BANK IN THE CITY OF NEW-YORK.

FULLY SECURED THROUGH PAYMENTS MADE AND COLLATERALS PLACED IN THE HANDS OF HENRY A. SMYTHE, Trustoe.

RELIABLE & PER CENT INVESTMENT.

A limited amount may be had at par only, by applying to the
CENTRAL NATIONAL BANK,
No. 320 Broadway, New-York. NOTICE.—The ANNUAL MEETING of the STOCKHOLDERS of the SAINT CROIX AND LAKE SUPERIOR RAILROAD COMPANY will be held at the office of the Company, No. 8 Wall-st., New-York, on THESDAY, Oct. 2, for the election of Directors for the entuing year. The polls will be opened at 12 mc, and close at 2 p. m. WILLIAM PATTON. Secretary.

A T A MEETING of the Board of Directors of th A T A MEETING OI the BOSTG OI DIRECTORS OF the
MECHANICS AND TRADERS FIRE INSURANCE COMPAN', held at their office (Bank of New York Building), Sept. 6,
1909, Mr. JAS. R. SCOTT, late Secretary, was unanimously elected
President, to fill the vacancy occasioned by the death of the lion.
Watter Underbill; and at a subsequent meeting, Mr. JOHN M.
TOMPKINS was elected Secretary.
RICHARD M. HOE, Vice-President.

RICHARD M. HOE, Vice President.

OFFICE OF THE CRICAGO AND GREAT EASTERS RAILWAY CO., NO. 77 WILLIAM PR., NEW YORK SOP., 25, 1896. }

THE INTEREST COUPONS of the FIRST MORT-GADE BONDS of this Company, due Oct. 1, will be paid on and after that date, less Government tax, on presentation at the office of the Company in this city.

H. MOROAN. Treasurer.

OFFICE OF THE ST. LOUIS, JACKSONYILLE AND COULDED A CONTRACT, 20, 1806. A CASSONYILLE MISS., Sept. 29, 1806. A COULDED A CHICAGO RAILROAD INT MORTGAGE BONDS, due Cotaber I, 1868. will be paid on and after that date at the office of Mesers M. K. JESUP & COMPANY, No. 84 Broadway, free of Germment tax.

Design of the Company of the Contract of the Company of

OFFICE OF THE CHICAGO AND ALTON BAILROAD CO., }

COUPONS of THE URIGOGO AND AUTON RAILADAY CO., CHICAGO, ILE, Sept. 20, 1865.

COUPONS of INCOME BONDS of the CHICAGO and ALTON RAILROAD COMPANY, due October 1, 1865, will be paid on and after that date at the office of Mesers. M. K. JESUF & COMPANY, No. 88 Broadway, less Government tow. M. LARRABEE, Treasurer

W. M. LARRABEE, Treasurer

DURSUANT to a resolution of the Executive Committee of the Board of Directors of the New-York Pler and Warehouse Company, passed this 20th day of Septembor, 1866, notice is hereby given that a meeting of the Suckholder's of said Company will be held at the effice of the Company, No. 39 Park-row, Rooms No. 12 and 13, on the 5th day of October, 1866, for the purpose of electing a Board of Directors of said Company, Polis well be open from 11 o'clock a. m. to I o'clock p. m. Dated 20th September, 1896.

CHARLES P. SHAW, Secretary. TREASURY DEPARTMENT.—Sept. 14, 1866 Notice is hereby given that the Treasury Papartisms is pus-pared to redeem Certificates of Temporary Loan known as "Clear-my-House Certificates," at the offices from which they were respect-ively issued; and that on and after the 28th of September, 1866, inter-act will cease upon 30 per cent of "soch certificates and on and after the 23th of Cetober next Interest will cease on the remainder. M. MCCULLOCH, Secretary of the Treasury.

H. MCCULLOCH, Secretary of the Pressey.

DES MOINES VALLEY RAILROAD.—The Coupons of the First Mortage, 3 per cent bonds, of the Des Moines Valley Railroad Co., due Out, 1 next, will be paid on and after that date at the banking house of GILMAN, SON & Co., No. 47 Exchange-place.—New York, Sept. 11, 1886. CHICAGO AND NORTH-WESTERN RAILWAY

COMPANY.

COMPANY.

FIRST MORTGAGE SINKING FUND BONDS.

Written offers may be made to the undersigned, at his office, No. 18

Wallest, in the City of New York, until E. o'clock m. on the 12th day
of October, 1896, for the parchase by him of the above described

BONDS, by the application of the Sinking Fund set apart by the said

Company for that purpose, and now amounting to \$50,000.

S. J. TILDEN, Trustee.

CHICAGO AND NORTH-WESTERN RAILWAY OF THE PARTY FIRST MORTGAGE SINKING FUND BONDS, APPLETON EXTENSION.—Writes offers may be made to the undersigned at his office, No. 12 Wall-st., in the City of New-York, until 11 of clock m. on the 26th day of September, 1889, for the parchase by him of the above-described Bonds, by the application of the Sinking Fand set apart by the said Company for that parpose, and now amounting to \$4.000.

TRAVELING CREDITS on Messrs. J. S. MOR-GAN & Co., LONDON (Successors to GEO, FRABODY & Co.), available in the original cities of EUROPE and the EAST, issued by DABNEY MORGAN & Co., No. 33 Exenange-place.

CHICAGO CITY BONDS, 7-PER CENTS. G. S. ROBBINS & SON, No. 54 WILLIAM ST.

Banking honses and Bankers.

D. C. & R. H. FISK, DEALERS IN UNITED STATES SECURITIES. No. 16 NASSAU-ST.,

UNDER THE FOURTH NATIONAL BANK,

BUY AND SELL AT MARKET RATES. UNITED STATES & OF 1881, UNITED STATES 5-20 BONDS. UNITED STATES 10-40 BONDS.

UNITED STATES T-10 TREASURY NOTES, UNITED STATES COMPOUND INTEREST NOTES, and ALL OTHER UNITED STATES SECURITIES.